



# CAL FIRE

Fire Season 2014

### 2013 Fire Season Overview (video)

### 2014 California Drought

- Record low rainfall across California.
- Experienced significant increase in wildfires due to the drought.
- Governor Brown
   signed a proclamation
   declaring Drought
   State of Emergency.



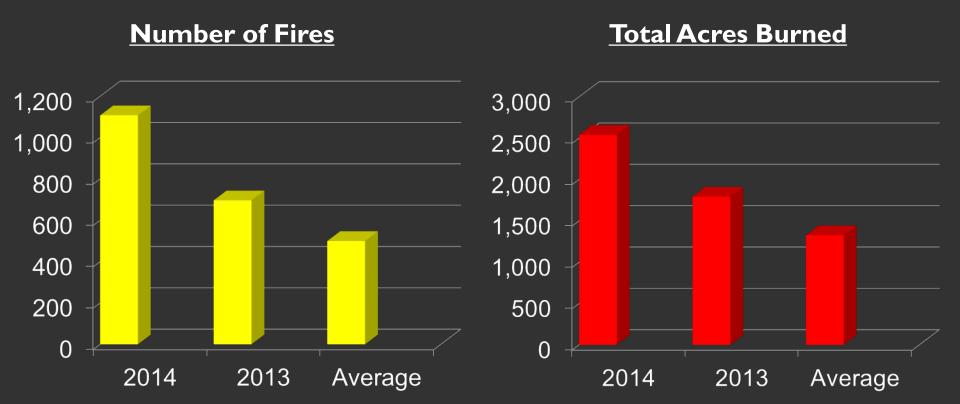
# Fire Activity Statistics

January I – April 26

2013 – 1,108 fires for 2,541 acres

2012 – 697 fires for 1,793 acres

5-Year Average – 500 fires for 1,325 acres



## CAL FIRE Wildfires

- This map shows the wildfires that CAL FIRE responded to between Jan I – March 8, 2014
- The largest 5 fires in CA already this year:

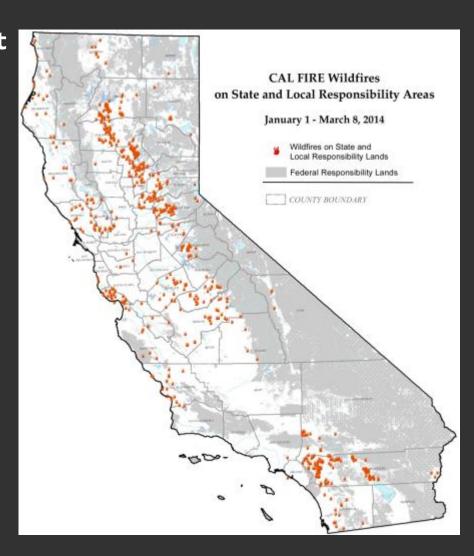
Colby Fire (Los Angeles): 1,952 acres

Campbell Fire (Tehama): 865 acres

Soda Fire (Tulare): 587 acres

**Encinal Fire (Monterey): 400 acres** 

Pierce Fire (Riverside): 350 acres



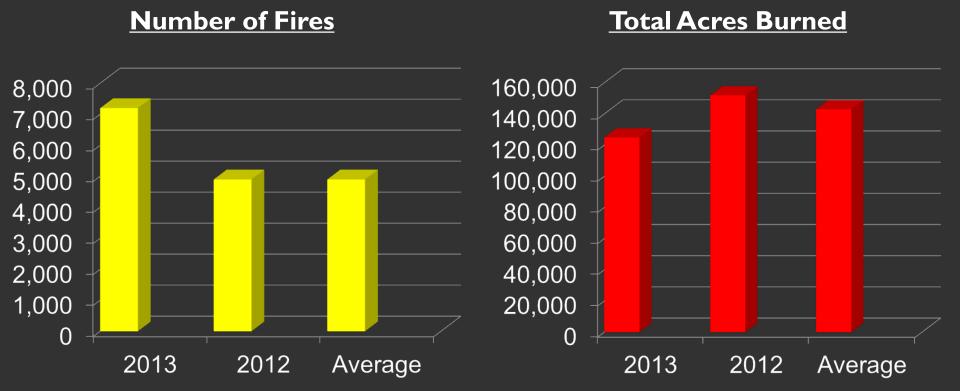
#### **CAL FIRE Fire Season Statistics**

January I - December 31

2013 - 7,200 fires for 125,000 acres

2012 - 4,900 fires for 152,000 acres

5-Year Average – 4,900 fires for 143,000 acres



# **Fuel Conditions**

Summer like conditions and tinder dry vegetation lead to extreme fire behavior.



Photo from mid-January Colby Fire in Los Angeles County

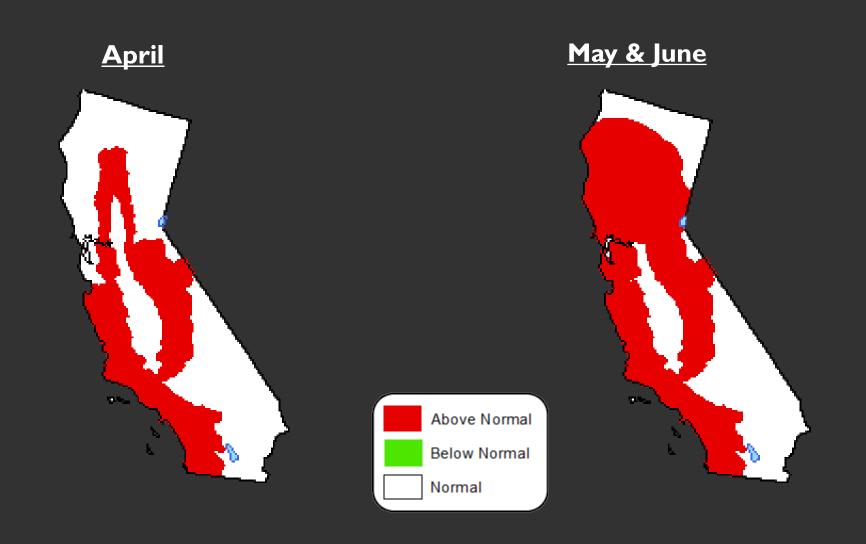
# **Fuel Conditions**

In February conditions across much of California were as dry as we would experience in August.



Photo from Colby Fire in Los Angeles County

### Significant Wildfire Potential Outlook



#### Outlook for the Rest of 2014

- Recent rains have helped, but need several more months of non-stop rain
- Hiring dedicated Defensible Space inspectors to help homeowners prepare.





Longer and warmer days ahead will only dry conditions out more and lead to potentially more fires.

### History Repeats Itself in California

- We cannot predict where or how many fires will occur in California.
- We can only predict that they will occur and that we will do whatever we can to serve and safeguard the people and protect the property and resources of California.



### What can you do? - Ready, Set, Go

#### Ready

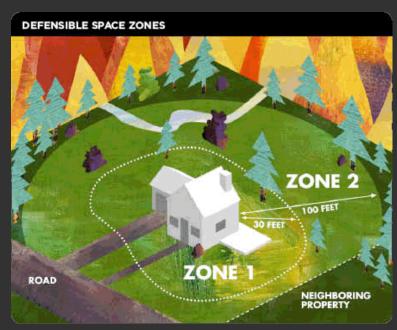
- Maintain 100 feet of Defensible Space
- Remove all dead or dying grass, brush or branches
- Clean off leaves and pine needs from roofs and gutter

#### <u>Set</u>

- Create and Emergency Action Plan
- Have a disaster kit

#### Go!

Evacuate early when a fire strikes



### What can you do? - Wildfire Prevention



- Mow or trim weeds before 10 a.m. & never on dry windy days
- Don't use lawn mowers on dry grass
- Stay in attendance of landscape debris burns
- Completely extinguish all campfires

#### Resources

Defensible Space & Ready, Set, Go!: www.ReadyForWildfire.org

Fire Prevention & One Less Spark: www.PreventWildfireCA.org

